

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

ANDRES P. CASTILLO.

No. C 13-0959 YGR (PR)

Petitioner,

VS.

CONNIE GIPSON, Warden,

Respondent.

**ORDER STAYING HABEAS
PROCEEDINGS; DIRECTING
PETITIONER TO FILE QUARTERLY
STATUS REPORTS; AND DIRECTING
CLERK TO ADMINISTRATIVELY
CLOSE THIS CASE UNTIL THE COURT
ISSUES ORDER LIFTING STAY**

Petitioner, a state prisoner, has filed this petition for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 and an application for leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*.

Petitioner has also filed a motion to stay his federal petition while he exhausts his remedies in state court.

Prisoners in state custody who wish to challenge in federal habeas proceedings either the fact or length of their confinement are first required to exhaust state judicial remedies by presenting the highest state court available with a fair opportunity to rule on the merits of each and every claim they seek to raise in federal court. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 2254(b), (c); *Rose v. Lundy*, 455 U.S. 509, 515-16 (1982). If available state remedies have not been exhausted as to all claims, the district court must dismiss the petition. *Id.* at 510; *Guizar v. Estelle*, 843 F.2d 371, 372 (9th Cir. 1988). A dismissal solely for failure to exhaust is not a bar to returning to federal court after exhausting available state remedies. *See Trimble v. City of Santa Rosa*, 49 F.3d 583, 586 (9th Cir. 1995).

Petitioners may seek a stay of the petition pursuant to *Pace v. DiGuglielmo*, 544 U.S. 408, 416 (2005), under which a prisoner may file a protective petition in federal court and ask the court to stay federal habeas proceedings until all state remedies are exhausted. District courts have the authority to issue stays, and the habeas statute does not deprive them of that authority. *Rhines v. Webber*, 544 U.S. 269, 277-278 (2005). A stay is appropriate where the district court determines

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1 that good cause existed for the petitioner's failure to exhaust his claims in state court, and that such
2 claims are potentially meritorious. *Id.*; *see also Pace*, 544 U.S. at 416.

3 Here, it appears that good cause exists for Petitioner's failure to exhaust his claims on direct
4 appeal because his claims could be raised by way of state habeas corpus. Moreover, the claims state
5 cognizable bases for federal habeas relief. This is Petitioner's first habeas petition, and there is no
6 evidence that he seeks the stay for improper purposes. *See Fetterly v. Paskett*, 997 F.2d 1295, 1301-
7 02 (9th Cir. 1993) (holding that a stay for the purpose of permitting exhaustion of unexhausted
8 claims should be granted only if the claims petitioner seeks to pursue are cognizable under § 2254;
9 there is a likelihood of prejudice to petitioner if the stay is not granted; and there is no evidence that
10 the motion for a stay is brought to delay, vex, or harass, or that the request is an abuse of the writ).
11 Accordingly, the Court GRANTS Petitioner's request for a stay.

12 These proceedings are hereby STAYED pending Petitioner's exhaustion of his state judicial
13 remedies. Petitioner must act diligently in exhausting his state judicial remedies, or the stay may be
14 lifted. He must file quarterly reports describing the progress of his state court proceedings,
15 commencing **twenty-eight (28) days** from the date of this Order and continuing every **ninety-one**
16 **(91) days** thereafter until his state court proceedings are terminated. He must also attach to his
17 status reports copies of the cover page of any document that he files with or receives from the state
18 courts relating to the claims.

19 The Clerk of the Court shall ADMINISTRATIVELY CLOSE the file pending the stay of this
20 action. Nothing further will take place in this action until Petitioner receives a final decision from
21 the highest state court and, within **twenty-eight (28) days** of doing so, moves to reopen the action,
22 lift the Court's stay and amend the stayed petition to add the newly-exhausted claims.

23 Petitioner's application to proceed *in forma pauperis* (Docket No. 3) is GRANTED.

24 This Order terminates Docket No. 3.

25 IT IS SO ORDERED.

26 DATED: March 15, 2013


YVONNE GONZALEZ ROGERS
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

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